

SECTION A

Question 1

Select the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

(Do not copy the questions, but the correct option along with the answer).

[1x10=10]

1. The Indian Constitution was influenced by the Constitution of:

(a) USA	(c) Ireland
(b) UK	(d) All of the above
2. Which of the following was NOT a reason for the success of the Turkish invasions in India?

(a) Superior military technology	(c) Efficient cavalry and mobility
(b) Unity among Indian kingdoms	(d) Use of organized and disciplined armies
3. Who was the founder of the Mamluk Dynasty in India?

(a) Qutb-ud-din Aibak	(c) Balban
(b) Iltutmish	(d) Muhammad Ghori
4. The Alai Minar, an ambitious project by Alauddin Khalji, was meant to be:

(a) A tomb	(c) A minaret twice the size of Qutub Minar
(b) A palace	(d) A mosque
5. The idea of Preamble in the Indian Constitution was borrowed from:

(a) UK	(c) USA
(b) France	(d) Canada
6. What was the main reason for the failure of Muhammad bin Tughlaq's token currency?

(a) Shortage of copper	(c) Widespread counterfeiting
(b) Poor coin design	(d) Rebellion by nobles
7. Sufi saints during the Sultanate period played an important role in:

(a) Military conquests	(c) conversion of indigenous people to Islam
(b) Promoting rigid orthodoxy	(d) Imposing religious taxes
8. The Constitution of India was adopted on:

(a) 15th August 1947	(c) 26th November 1949
(b) 26th January 1950	(d) 2nd October 1947
9. Who was the major contributor in the field of Indian music during the Sultanate period?

(a) Firdausi	(c) Chand Bardai
(b) Amir Khusrau	(d) Sheikh Nizamuddin Aulia
10. What was the outcome of the First Battle of Panipat (1526)?

(a) Victory of Ibrahim Lodi	(c) End of Lodi Dynasty and beginning of Mughal rule
(b) Defeat of Babur	(d) Beginning of the Sayyid Dynasty

SECTION B (HISTORY) – 50 marks

Question 2

Fill in the blanks :

[1/2x10=5]

1. The Tughlaq dynasty was weakened by the disintegration of many provinces and the invasion of _____ in 1398.
2. The Turkish ruler _____ defeated Prithviraj Chauhan in the Second Battle of Tarain in 1192 CE.
3. Qutb-ud-din Aibak died while playing a game of _____.
4. The last ruler of the Khalji dynasty was killed by _____.
5. _____ was the ruler of the Mamluk Dynasty before Razia ascended the throne.
6. _____ was a revered art form in which verses of the Quran were engraved on the walls of the monuments.
7. _____ was made a garrison town for soldiers by Muhammad-bin- Tughlaq.
8. _____ book was written by the Moroccan scholar and traveller, Ibn Battuta.
9. Ghiyasuddin Balban defeated the Mewati Rajputs and suppressed the revolt of _____, the Governor of Bengal.
10. The Mongols led by _____ reached the borders of India in search of the Shah of Persia.

Question 3

Picture Study :

[1x5=5]



1. Name the monument.
2. Give reasons why did Muhammad – bin – Tughlaq decide to transfer his capital from Delhi to Daulatabad.
3. What elaborate arrangements did Muhammad – bin – Tughlaq made for the people to migrate to Daulatabad?
4. What were the ill effects of this transfer?

Question 4

Match the columns :

[1x5=5]

A

1. Jaipal
2. Gola
3. Bakhtiyar Khilji
4. Alauddin Khalji
5. Sikandar Lodi

B

- (a) Transferred the capital to Daulatabad
- (b) Espionage system
- (c) Charge at Uchh
- (d) Transferred the capital from Delhi to Agra
- (e) Defeated in the battle of Peshawar
- (f) Son of Prithviraj
- (g) In-charge of Bengal

Question 5

Answer in brief :

1. Name any four monuments which mark the architectural excellence achieved during the Sultanate period.
2. Who introduced the practice of Sijda? What is Sijda?
3. Why did the token currency experiment of Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq fail?

[2]

[2]

[2]

4. Did the nobles hold much power during the Slave Dynasty? Justify with examples. [2]
5. What steps were taken by Balban to strengthen the position of the sultan? [2]
6. What measures were adopted by Alauddin to bring the nobles under control? [2]
7. Why were the taxes in the Doab region increased by Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq? What were the consequences of this scheme? [2]
8. How did the art of painting fare under the Delhi Sultans? [2]
9. Write about Prithviraj Chauhan. [3]

Question 6

Answer in detail :

[4x4=16]

1. Explain the different motives of Mahmud Ghazni and Muhammad Ghori behind attacking India.
2. Write a short note on the Lodi Sultans.
3. Write about the society during the Delhi Sultanate.
4. Describe the battle between Anandpal and Mahmud Ghazni.

SECTION C (CIVICS – 20 MARKS)

Question 7

Fill in the blanks :

[1/2x6=3]

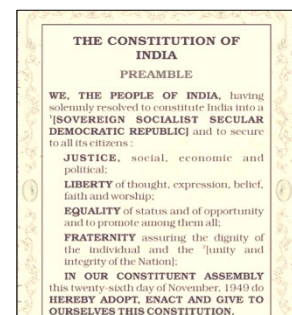
1. In the Preamble, _____ implies brotherhood among all.
2. _____ is a minor change or addition made to a document of law.
3. _____, Executive and _____ are the organs of the government.
4. In the year 1929, the leaders of the Indian National Congress pledged to attain _____ at their session held in _____.

Question 8

Study the picture. With respect to the Preamble, answer the questions in brief :

[1x3=3]

1. Define Sovereign.
2. Our Preamble begins with the phrase 'WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA'. What does this phrase signify?
3. What is meant by the term 'Justice'?



Question 9

Answer in brief :

1. What do the terms 'democratic' and 'republic' imply in the Indian Constitution? [2]
2. Why 26th January 1950 was chosen as the day to enforce the Indian Constitution? [1]
3. What do the terms 'Equality' and 'Liberty' imply? [2]

Question 10

Answer in detail :

[3x3=9]

1. Do you agree that the Indian Constitution is a bag of borrowings? Justify your answer.
2. Discuss briefly making of the Indian Constitution.
3. Write a note on Preamble

***** ALL THE BEST *****